









Learn how to be safe in our Pacific Northwest Waters

Find out local resources to learn to swim and where to swim



Meet & learn from local water safety experts

THANK YOU for coming

In Person

Water Safety Workshop







NO MORE



WATER SAFETY WORKSHOP

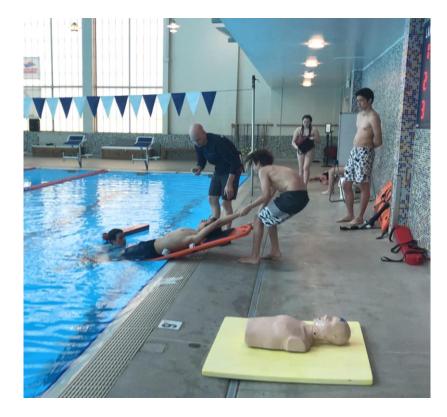


Order of Events

- **1.** Guest Speakers Present Water Safety Experts
- 2. Breakout to Ask Questions in Small Groups with Speakers
- 3. Q&A, Raffle & Resource Summary

POLL

What age group has the highest rate of drowning in WA State?



1.	0	- 5	yrs	old
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3. 15 – 24 yrs old

4. 24 – 35 yrs old

OUR MODERATOR





Boy's Water Polo



Katoya Palmer, Chief Operating Officer, Community Passageways Former YMCA Senior Aquatics Director, CPO, LGIT, YSLIT, Y Drowning Prevention Thought Leader; Boys Water Polo Coach @ Sammamish/Interlake HS;

Board Member, SPLASHForward



- Meeting you where you are
- Water based activities are fun, healing & healthy
- Common stereotypes, real fears, and making change together

IMPORTANCE OF WATER SAFETY





Brandi Christman, Aquatics Program Manager, Bellevue Aquatic Center

- Water is everywhere
- Water safety at pools and local beaches







WA STATE & OPEN WATER SAFETY



Isabell Sakamoto, MS, CHES, Suicide & Injury Prevention Program Manager



- Risks in open water activities
- Water Safety in and around our PNW waters



Know the water. Know your limits. Wear a life jacket.



In the United States...

Drowning is the **second** leading cause of unintentional injury death for children and teens.

For every child who dies from drowning, another **8** receive emergency department care for non-fatal drowning.



We can all help prevent drownings.



Open waters

In Washington State, most unintentional drowning deaths occur in open water settings (lakes, rivers, creeks, oceans).



Swimmers tend to tire faster and get into trouble more quickly than in pools.

Expect cold waters – even on hot summer days.



In water

Use designated swimming and recreational areas.

Check weather and water conditions.

Follow all safety signs and warning flags.

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Bring life jackets or check for a loaner station.

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Stay close to shore and rest when tired.

Don't swim alone and supervise children & teens.



In King County, drownings have continued to rise over the past 5 years, and 29 people lost their lives to drowning in 2021. A **life jacket** may have saved many of these lives.



Around water

Get familiar with surroundings beforehand.

Always keep children in sight when water is nearby.

Have young children wear a life jacket when playing on a dock, boat, etc.







Water safety is year-round

 \checkmark Learn to swim and upgrade swimming skills each year

- \checkmark Learn what to do in an emergency (First Aid and CPR)
- ✓ Check life jackets
- Have conversations about ways to stay safe in and around water
- ✓ Keep homes safe



Thank you!

Learn more: www.seattlechildrens.org/dp

Stay in touch: DrowningPrevention@seattlechildrens.org





HOSPITAL • RESEARCH • FOUNDATION

Hope. Care. Cure.

FROM A LIFEGUARD'S VIEW



Adrian Savage, Assistant Director of University Recreation, Aquatics, and Facilities, Seattle University

Former YMCA Aquatics Director and Lifeguard Supervisor



- What Lifeguards Do
- Safety Around Water Basics

WHAT LIFEGUARDS DO



- Always looking
 - You can help look too
- Safety Around Water
 - Ask for permission
 - Pools & Beaches

PREPAREDNESS & EMERGENCIES



• Emergencies

- What lifeguards do
- What you can do if trouble you or others
- Being prepared
 - Swim at lifeguarded locations
 - Talk to the lifeguard, learn local tips

WATCH OUT FOR OTHERS



Water Safety Edition

Build a Safe and Inclusive Outdoors

People have different comfort levels with water. We can be safer together. When recreating with young children or in groups, designate a water watcher.

POLL

What are ways to reduce the chances of drowning in our local waters?



- **1.** Swim where there are lifeguards present
- 2. Learn to Swim
- 3. Swim with a buddy and assign a water watcher
- 4. Wear a lifejacket when on or around open water

LIFE JACKETS & OPEN WATER



Derek VanDyke, WA State Boating Education Coordinator, Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission

- Water Safety on water-craft (boats, kayaks, SUPs)
- Life Jacket Demo



Water Safety Tips

Be Safe and Have Fun In and

Around the Water

#RecreateResponsibly

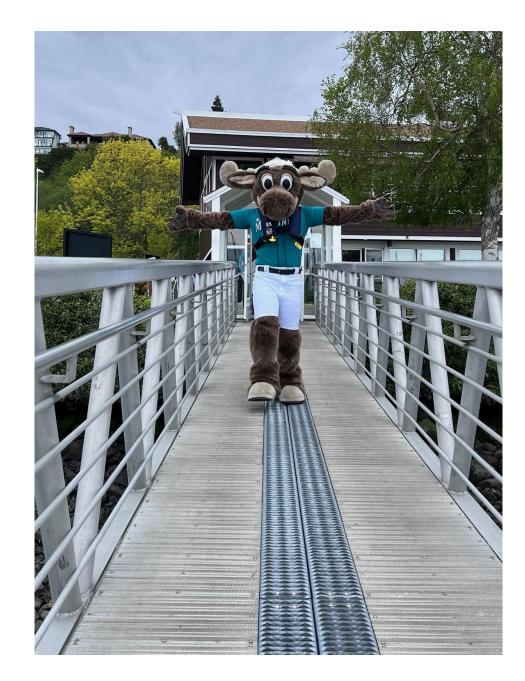


Produced under a grant from the Sport Fish Restoration and Boating Trust Fund, administered by the U.S. Coast Guard.



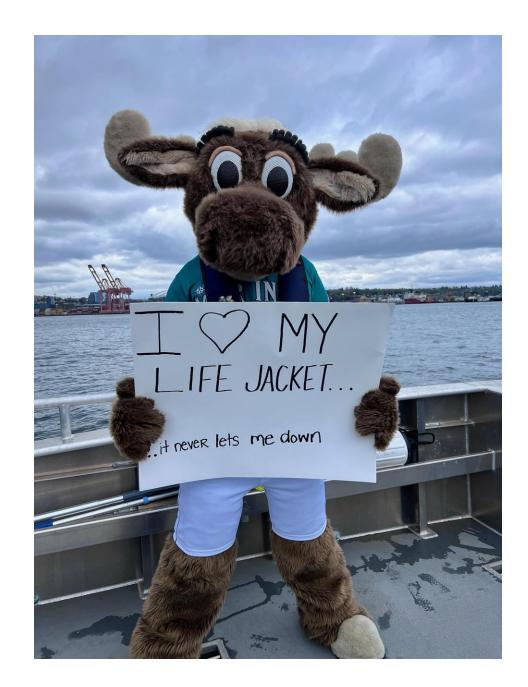
Know Before You Go

Check the weather forecast and water conditions before you go. Cold water can be dangerous, even on warm days. Learning to swim is the #1 recommendation for water safety.



Plan and Prepare

Life jackets save lives — make sure they'll be available. Lifeguards may not be present, know if they're on duty. Bring essential gear for boats or vessels like navigational devices and paddle floats.



Respect Water

Water can be powerful. Learn to read water conditions and remain alert. Obey posted safety signs. Always tell someone your plan when headed out solo.



Learn How to Respond

If someone else is in trouble, call 911 or get help. Don't go in the water. To assist others: **Reach, Throw, Don't Go.** If you are in trouble: **Flip, Float, Relax.**



Questions



Derek VanDyke Derek.VanDyke@Parks.WA.GOV 360-902-8842

ng Program



LAYERS OF PROTECTION



Chezik Tsunoda, Founder, No More Under

- Yori's Story
 - Water Safety, Life jackets, Water Watchers & More







ADAPTIVE WATER SAFETY



Jenny Petty, Instructor, Nurturing Water Therapies Sandy Karlek, Owner, Nurturing Water Therapies

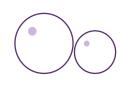
- Autism and Water Safety Skills
- 7 Skills of Water Safety

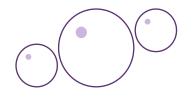






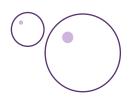








For our Neurodiverse Community





Drowning is the leading cause of death for kids on the Autism Spectrum?





Children with an autism spectrum disorder are 160 times more likely to die from drowning compared with the general pediatric population.



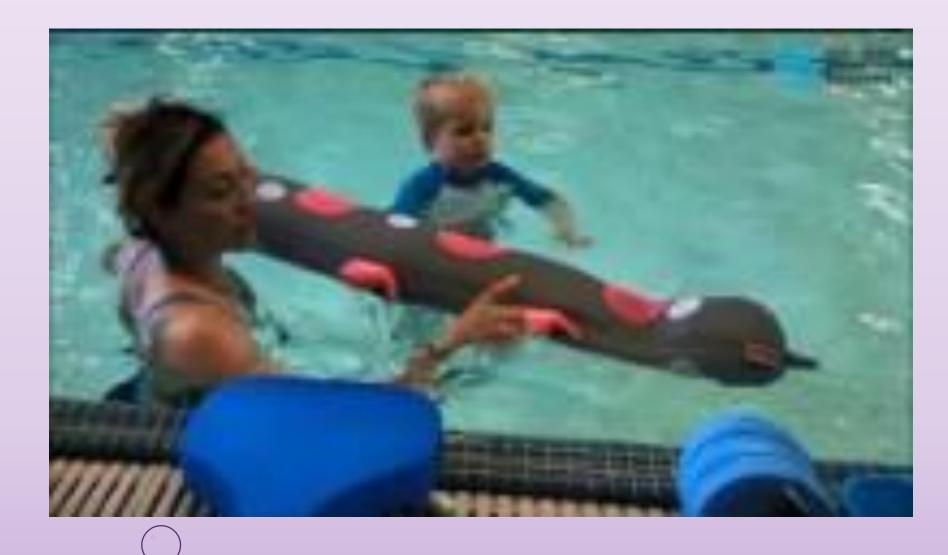
Roughly half, or 48%, of children with ASD attempt to elope from a safe environment?



 More than one third of ASD children who wonder/elope are unable to communicate their name, address or phone number.

 32% of parents reported a "close call" with possible drowning

How can you help?





Basic Water Safety Skills:

- Here are 7 basic water safety techniques anyone can do that can save a child's life
- Be consistent, deliberate, and repetitive with each of these skill until they are understood and mastered.





1. Entry Into Pool

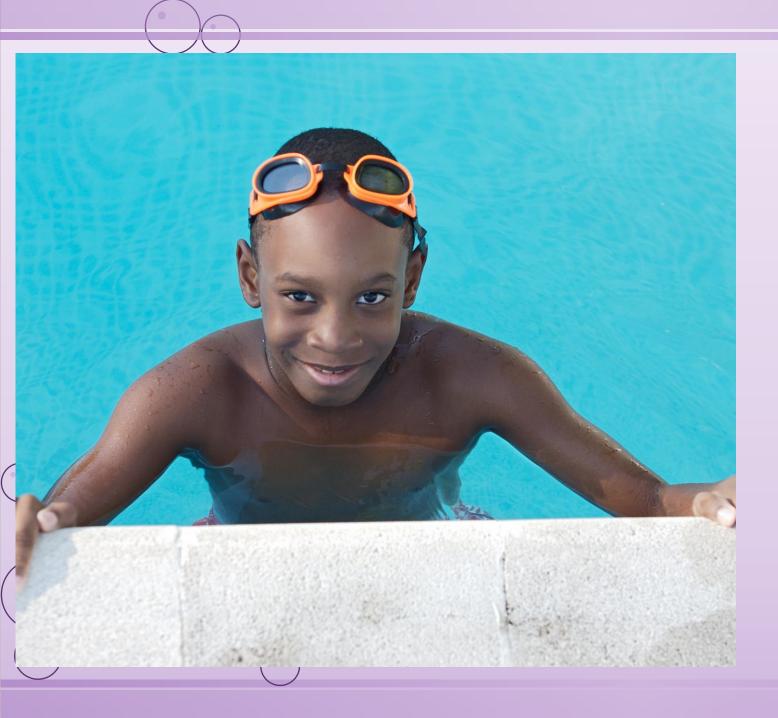
- Sit on the side of the pool. Roll onto your stomach and slide in tightly holding the side of the pool. (Put your hands over theirs to emphasize the importance of holding on). Count to 5 before they can let go.
- Often children can't gauge the depth of the pool so regardless of whether they can touch or not, always have them roll over and get in. If they assume them can touch, but can't and go under, they will have a more difficult time getting back to the wall.





2. Monkey Arms

- It is important children understand that if they want to safely move in water over their head, to use the side of the pool. Practice holding on with two hands and shuffling from one side of the pool to the other.
- This empowers them allowing them to move to where they want to go safely.



3. Climbing Out

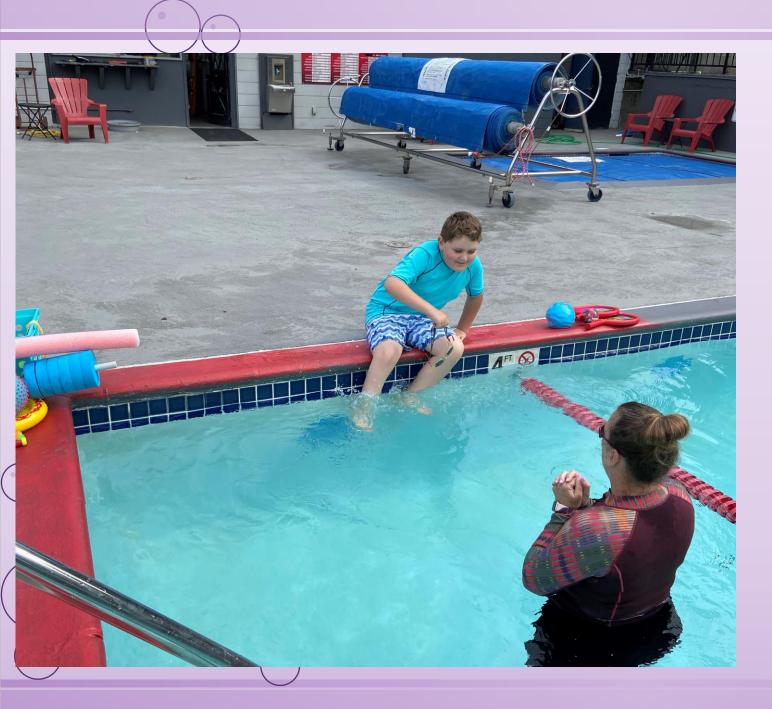
- I often see kids with ASD have lower muscle tone and a hard time climbing out. It is
 important they practice the correct way to get out of a pool:
 - Facing the wall, use your arms to lift you up, then bring your knee to the edge and climb up a bit more, then bring your foot up and climb out.



4. Jumping/Bouncing in the Pool

- Kids love bouncing in the pool. Have them practice jumping in water 6-12 incher deeper than them. They have to exhale and go down, find the bottom of the pool and jump up and take a big breath of air, then back down again.
- Kids are learning how to keep breathing, not panic and stay water safe in water that is 6-12 inches over their head.





5. Jumping from Side

- Sit (or stand) on the side and "fall" in. Do O not grab them but have them turn their bodies and underwater and grab the wall.
- Repeat over and over and over.
- If your child should fall in, they know to turn around and grab the wall and hold on!



6. Reaching for You

- When you are in the water with your child and they push off you or come off the wall without
 anything to hold onto. DO
 NOT GRAB THEM. Hold out your arm or a noodle, hold their arm and direct THEM to grab YOU.
- They need to understand that: A. they need help, and B. they can save themselves. If you always grab them when they go under, they will never learn these two basic water safety skills.



7. 1, 2, 3 Roll Over

- The vestibular input of rolling from prone to supine position it is often difficult and uncomfortable for
 beginning swimmers, yet a critical water safety skill to acquire prior to learning how to swim.
 - Benefit It is the most basic skill that could prevent fatal drownings.





Thank you!

NURTURING WATER THERAPIES

WWW.NurturingWaterTherapies.org 425-429-6706 office.nurturingwatertherapies@gmail.com

POLL

What should you do if you see someone drowning?



- Don't jump in because you could drown too
- 2. Throw an object like an empty cooler or life jacket
- 3. Reach with an object from a safe location where you can brace yourself
- 4. Call 911 and ask for help

BREAKOUT SESSIONS

- 15min
- Speakers to join in your breakouts
- Ask questions

YOUR QUESTIONS & A RAFFLE

- Q&A
- Raffle Water Safety Poster
- Pick up Baskets



June 9th and 10th @ Boys and Girls Clubs of Bellevue



SUMMER WATER BASKETS





RESOURCES











https://splashforward.org/water-safety/





THANK YOU TO OUR SPEAKERS

Brandi Christman, Aquatics Program Manager @ Bellevue Aquatic Center

Isabell Sakamoto, MS, CHES, Suicide & Injury Prevention Program Manager, Seattle Children's Hospital



Adrian Savage, Assistant Director of University Recreation, Aquatics & Facilities, Seattle Pacific University

Derek Van Dyke, Education Coordinator, Boating Program, Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission

Chezik Tsunoda, Founder, No More Under

Jenny Petty, Instructor, Sandy Karlek, Owner, Nurturing Water Therapies

Katoya Palmer, Chief Operating Officer, Community Passageways



Please fill out our survey!

We will follow up with resources!



THANK YOU TO OUR PARTNERS







WATER IS LIFE

